

DAUDNAGAR COLLEGE



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Topic

GENERAL CHARACTERS OF PHYLUM - CHORDATES

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General characters of Phylum - chordates

- (1) Aquatic, aerial or terrestrial. All free-living with no fully parasitic forms.
- (2) Body small to large, bilaterally symmetrical and metamerically segmented.
- (3) A *postanal tail* usually projects beyond the anus at some stage and may or may not persist in the adult.
- (4) Exoskeleton often present; well developed in most vertebrates.
- (5) Bodywall triploblastic with 3 germinal layers: ectoderm, mesoderm and endoderm.
- (6) Coelomate animals having a true coelom. enterocoelic or schizocoelic in origin.
- (7) A skeletal rod, the notochord, present at some stage in life cycle.
- (8) A cartilaginous or **bony**, living and jointed *endoskeleton* present in the majority of members (vertebrates).
- (9) Pharyngeal gill slits present at some stage; may or may not be functional.
- (10) Digestive system complete with digestive glands,
- (11) *Blood vascular system* closed. Heart ventral with dorsal and ventral blood vessels. Hepatic **portal system well developed.**
- (12) Excretory system comprising proto-or meso-or meta-nephric kidneys.
- (13) Nerve cord dorsal and tubular. Anterior end usually enlarged to form brain.
- (14) Sexes separate with rare exceptions.